## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1 (Currently Amended). A compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or N-oxide thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ R^1 & & & & \\ \hline Z^2 & & & \\ Z^3 & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ Z^5 & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ Z^5 & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\$$

**(I)** 

wherein:

one of  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$ -is N, and  $Z^4$ ,  $Z^5$  and remainder of  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$  not equal to N are  $\mathbb{CR}^{1a}$ ;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1a</sup> are independently hydrogen; hydroxy;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxy optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxy, amino, piperidyl, guanidino or amidino optionally N-substituted by one or two  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, acyl or  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl groups, CONH<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, thiol,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylthio, heterocyclyloxy, arylthio, aryloxy, acylthio, acyloxy or  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyloxy;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxy-substituted $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl; halogen;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphoxide;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylthio; nitro; azido; acyl; acyloxy;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphoxide or an amino, piperidyl, guanidino or amidino group optionally N-substituted by one or two  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, acyl or  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl groups; and

additionally when  $Z^5$  is  $CR^{1a}$ ,  $R^{1a}$  may be  $(C_{1-4})$ alkyl- $CO_2H$  or  $(C_{1-4})$ alkyl- $CONH_2$  in which the  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl is substituted by  $R^{12}$ ;  $(C_{1-4})$ alkyl substituted by cyano, amino or guanidino; aminocarbonyl optionally substituted by hydroxy,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, aminocarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl, trifluoromethylsulphonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenylsulphonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenylsulphonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyloxycarbonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylcarbonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylcarbonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl( $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl; hydroxy( $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl), aminocarbonyl;  $(C_{2-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy( $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl);

wherein  $R^{13}$  is a natural  $\alpha$ -amino acid side chain or its enantiomer;

 $R^2$  is hydrogen, or  $(C_{1-4})$ alkyl or  $(C_{1-4})$ alkenyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from:

amino optionally substituted by one or two ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl groups; carboxy; ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkoxycarbonyl; ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylcarbonyl; ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyloxycarbonyl; ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenylcarbonyl; aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by hydroxy, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, hydroxy( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, aminocarbonyl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylsulphonyl, trifluoromethylsulphonyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkenylsulphonyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylcarbonyl, ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyloxycarbonyl or ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenylcarbonyl; cyano; tetrazolyl; 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl optionally substituted by R<sup>10</sup>; 3-hydroxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione-4-yl; 2,4-thiazolidinedione-5-yl; tetrazol-5-ylaminocarbonyl; 1,2,4-triazol-5-yl optionally substituted by R<sup>10</sup>; 5-oxo-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl; thiol; halogen; ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylthio; trifluoromethyl; azido; hydroxy optionally substituted by ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkoxycarbonyl, ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylcarbonyl, ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyloxycarbonyl, ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenylcarbonyl; oxo; ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylsulphonyl; ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenylsulphonyl; or ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkenyl; wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl or ( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen; or

R<sup>3</sup> is in the 2-, 3- or 4-position and is:

carboxy;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl; aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by hydroxy,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl, trifluoromethylsulphonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenylsulphonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyloxycarbonyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylcarbonyl and optionally further substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl; cyano; tetrazolyl; 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione-4-yl; 2,4-thiazolidinedione-5-yl; tetrazol-5-ylaminocarbonyl; 1,2,4-triazol-5-yl optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, or 5-oxo-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl; or

 $(C_{1-4})$ alkyl optionally substituted or ethenyl substituted with any of the substituents listed above for  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and up to 3 groups for  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  independently selected from:

thiol; halogen; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylthio; trifluoromethyl; azido; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyloxycarbonyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl; hydroxy optionally substituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyloxycarbonyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl or aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl or (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl; amino optionally mono- or disubstituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylsulphonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkenylsulphonyl or aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl or (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl; aminocarbonyl,

wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyl,  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyloxycarbonyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylcarbonyl and optionally further substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, aminocarbonyl $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl; oxo;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylsulphonyl;  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylsulphonyl; or  $(C_{1-6})$ aminosulphonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenyl; in addition when  $(C_{2-6})$ alkenylsulphonyl or amino containing substituent and

in addition when R<sup>3</sup> is disubstituted with a hydroxy or amino containing substituent and carboxy containing substituent these may together form a cyclic ester or amide linkage, respectively; or

when  $R^3$  is in the 3- or 4-position it may with  $R^2$  or  $R^4$  form a  $C_{3-5}$  alkylene group optionally substituted by a group  $R^5$  selected from:

 $(C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl}; \ \text{hydroxy} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl}; \ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkoxy} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl}; \ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl}; \ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl}; \ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkoxy} (C_{3-6}) \text{cycloalkyl}; \ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkoxy} (C_{3-6}) \text{cycloalkyl};$ 

 $(C_{1-12}) \\ alkanoyloxy (C_{3-6}) \\ cycloalkyl; (C_{3-6}) \\ cycloalkyl (C_{1-12}) \\ alkyl; \\ hydroxy-, (C_{1-12}) \\ alkoxy- or \\ (C_{1-12}) \\ alkyl; \\ cyano; \\ cyano (C_{1-12}) \\ alkyl; (C_{2-12}) \\ alkenyl;$ 

 $(C_{2-12}) \text{alkynyl; tetrahydrofuryl; mono- or di-} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkylamino} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; } \\ \text{acylamino} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; } (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl- or acyl-aminocarbonyl} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; mono- or di-} \\ (C_{1-12}) \text{alkylamino} (\text{hydroxy}) (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; optionally substituted phenyl} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl, phenoxy} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; optionally substituted} \\ \text{diphenyl} (C_{1-12}) \text{alkyl; optionally substituted phenyl} (C_{2-12}) \text{alkenyl; optionally substituted}$ 

benzoyl or benzoyl( $C_{1-12}$ )alkyl; optionally substituted heteroaryl or heteroaryl( $C_{1-12}$ )alkyl; and optionally substituted heteroaroyl or heteroaroyl( $C_{1-12}$ )alkyl;

wherein phenyl, benzoyl, heteroaryl and heteroaroyl groups are optionally substituted with up to five groups selected from halogen, mercapto,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, phenyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxy, hydroxy $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, mercapto  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, halo $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl, hydroxy, optionally substituted amino, nitro, carboxy,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyloxy,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl, formyl, and  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyl groups;

 $R^4$  forms a group with  $R^3$  as above defined, or is a group -CH<sub>2</sub>- $R^5$  where  $R^5$  is as defined above:

n is 0, 1 or 2;

A is NR<sup>11</sup> or CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup> and B is NR<sup>11</sup>, O, SO<sub>2</sub> or CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>; and wherein:

each of R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> is independently selected from: hydrogen; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylthio; halo; trifluoromethyl; azido; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl;

(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyloxycarbonyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl; hydroxy, amino or aminocarbonyl optionally substituted as for corresponding substituents R<sup>12</sup> as defined in R<sup>3</sup>; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylsulphonyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylsulphonyl; or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)aminosulphonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkenyl; or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> together represent a bond and R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are as above defined; or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together represent oxo; provided that:

when A is NR<sup>11</sup>, B is not NR<sup>11</sup>, O or SO<sub>2</sub>; when A is CO, B is not CO, O or SO<sub>2</sub>; when n is 0 and A is NR<sup>11</sup>, CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> can only be CO; when A is CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup> and B is SO<sub>2</sub>, n is 0; when n is 0, B is not NR<sup>11</sup> or O; and when A-B is CR<sup>7</sup>=CR<sup>9</sup>, n is 1 or 2:

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from (C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>2-4</sub>)alkenyl and aryl, each of which is optionally substituted by a group R<sup>12</sup> as defined above; carboxy; aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by hydroxy, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylsulphonyl, trifluoromethylsulphonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkenylsulphonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyloxycarbonyl or (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl and optionally further substituted by (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl or (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylsulphonyl; trifluoromethylsulphonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkenylsulphonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyloxycarbonyl; and (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen; trifluoromethyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenyl;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl;  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyl; aminocarbonyl, wherein the amino group is optionally substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkylcarbonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenylcarbonyl,  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenyl and optionally further substituted by  $(C_{1-6})$ alkyl or  $(C_{1-6})$ alkenyl.

2 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein:

- (a)  $Z^1$  is N, and  $Z^2$ - $Z^5$  are CH,
- (b)  $Z^{1}$ - $Z^{5}$  are each CH, or
- (c)  $Z^5$  is N, and  $Z^1$ - $Z^4$  are CH.

Claims 3-10. (Cancelled)

11 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^{1a}$  are independently methoxy, amino( $C_{3-5}$ )alkyloxy, guanidino( $C_{3-5}$ )alkyloxy, piperidyl( $C_{3-5}$ )alkyloxy, nitro or fluoro.

12 (Previously Presented). A compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R^3$  is hydrogen; optionally substituted aminocarbonyl; optionally substituted ( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl; carboxy( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl; optionally substituted aminocarbonyl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl; cyano( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl; optionally substituted 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl or optionally substituted 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl).

13 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is in the 3-position and the substituents at the 3- and 4-position of the piperidine ring are *cis*.

14 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein A is NH and B is CO, or A is CHOH and B is CH<sub>2</sub>.

15 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen.

16 (Original). A compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R^4$  is  $(C_{5-12})$ alkyl, optionally substituted phenyl( $C_{2-3}$ )alkyl or optionally substituted phenyl( $C_{3-4}$ )alkenyl.

17 (Previously Presented). A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or N-oxide thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

18 (Previously Presented). A method of treating bacterial infections in mammals caused by *S.aureus and S. pneumoniae* organisms, which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or N-oxide thereof.

19 (Previously Presented). The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is:

- 4-Heptylamino-1-(6-methoxy-[1,5]-naphthyridin-4-yl)aminocarbonylpiperidine;
- 4-Heptylamino-4-methoxycarbonyl-1-(6-methoxy-[1,5]-naphthyridine-4-yl)aminocarbonylpiperidine; or
- 4-Heptylamino-4-hydroxymethyl-1-(6-methoxy-[1,5]-naphthyridine-4-yl)aminocarbonylpiperidine .